### **Actively Engaging Students with Vocabulary**

Bringing Words To Life (Beck, McKeown & Kucan, 2002)

- 1. Present the word in context.
- 2. Have students say the word.
- 3. Provide a kid-friendly definition.
- 4. Provide examples.
- 5. Actively engage students to use the word.
- 6. Provide repeated interactions with the words.

#### Ideas to actively engage students to use the word

1. Questions, Reasons, Examples

For example: If you are walking around the room you may need to do it cautiously. Why? What are some other things that need to be done cautiously?

2. Making choices

For example: Say astonished if the following things would make you astonished.

You met someone from Mars.

Your friend said hello to you.

You ate a sandwich for lunch.

Your dog said 'hello' to you.

3. Have you ever?

Describe a time when you might 'urge' someone.

4. <u>Idea completion</u>

Provide a sentence stem that requires students to integrate a word into a meaningful context. The skiing teacher said Maria was a novice on the ski slopes because....

## Upper Elementary-Middle School

1. <u>Facets of word meaning</u>: Student selects an example that is the better fit. For example: Example and Non-example

# The player comes back with a quick answer after the referee calls a foul on him. Retort The player complains to the coach after the referee calls a foul on him.

#### 2. Relationships among words

For example: Can a virtuoso be a rival? Would you have compassion for someone imperious?

3. <u>Deeper explorations of language</u>-How language gives meaning Develop knowledge of similarities and differences among words and the precise roles they can play. For example: Imperious is often appropriate for describing a king. How appropriate is it to Tom?